The status of marine biodiversity and its contribution to blue economy along the Sudanese Red Sea Coast

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Introduction

The Sudan is being placed geographically between Arab and African countries. It is governed by a federal system where the country is divided into 18 states, each state having its own political setup.

The Sudanese Red Sea State, comprising the whole Sudanese coastal region, lies between latitudes 15° 52´ and 23° 15´ North, and longitudes 33° 15´ and 38° 45´. The entire area represented by the Red Sea State covers an area of about 218,887 km² bordering Egypt to the North, Kassala State to the South, River Nile State to the West and the Red Sea to the East. The State is sub-divided into ten mahallias (localities or districts): Port Sudan, Suakin, Durdeib ,Gebeit Elmaadin , Gunub/Aulib, Sinkat, Hayya, Halaib and Tokar/Agig.

References:


